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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/719,559	03/02/2001	Reinhard Plaschka	JEK/PILASCHKA	3460	
7	590 09/17/2003				
Bacon & Thomas			EXAMINER		
4th Floor 625 Slaters Lar			FERGUSON, L	FERGUSON, LAWRENCE D	
Alexandria, VA 23124-1176			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1774		
			DATE MAILED: 09/17/2003	DATE MAILED: 09/17/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)				
4)	09/719,559	PLASCHKA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	_			
	Lawrence D Ferguson	1774				
The MAILING DATE f this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondenc address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS , cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	huma 2002					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 J</u>						
<u></u>	is action is non-final.	o proposition as to the monito is				
 Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims 						
4)⊠ Claim(s) 18-45 is/are pending in the application	on.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	_ '					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>18-19 and 21-45</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>20</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept	oted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a)□ approved b)□ disa	pproved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	·					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
<u> </u>	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(e) (to a provisional application).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti		•				
Attachment(s)	, , ,					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) D Notice of Infor	mary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) mal Patent Application (PTO-152) .				
Patent and Trademark Office			_			

Art Unit: 1774

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This action is in response to the amendment mailed June 27, 2003.
 Claims 18,20,29 and 30 were amended and new claims 38-45 were added rendering claims 18-37 pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103(a)

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claim 18-19, 21-28, 35 and 38 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Detrick et al (U.S. 5,161,829) in view of Martin (U.S. 5,601,683).
- 4. Detrick discloses a security paper (column 2, lines 14-18) comprising a coating of adhesive material (126) over a layer of paper (110) (column 9, lines 55-59) as shown in Figure 3. The adhesive layer lacks polyurethane and a filler substance. Detrick discloses the security paper enabling an indicia to be detectable in transmitted light and imperceptible on a photocopy made by utilizing reflected light (column 10, lines 28-46) where the security paper is made of cotton fibers and other known natural and synthetic fibers (column 3, lines 55-59). In claims 18 and 38, the phrase, 'a paper layer useful for

Art Unit: 1774

producing documents of value' is directed to intended use. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See In re Casey, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Additionally, in instant claim 38, the phrase, 'forming a surface dirt repellant film on the fibers of the paper' is directed to a product by process claim limitation, which is given little patentable weight in product claims. Although Detrick does not explicitly disclose a dirt repellant surface, because the adhesive coating is positioned over a layer of paper (110) in Figure 3 and is on the interior of the security paper, the coating keeps dirt from forming on paper (110). Detrick does not explicitly disclose a coating weight. The coating weight is an optimizable feature. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize the adhesive layer because discovering the optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. The coating weight directly affects the durability of the security paper. In re Aller 105 USPQ 233 and see In re Boesch, 617 USPQ 215. Detrick does not disclose a substance having at least one visually or machine detectable property in the coating. Martin teaches a security document comprising a coating mixture containing a printing means that is machine detectable (column 3, lines 37-60). Detrick and Martin are analogous art because they are from the same field of security documents. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to

Page 4

Application/Control Number: 09/719,559

Art Unit: 1774

include a machine detectable property in the coating of Detrick because Martin teaches having this feature in the coating hinders the security document from being photocopied.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103(a)

- 5. Claim 29-34 and 36-45 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kaule (U.S. 5,817,205).
- 6. Kaule teaches making a security paper (column 3, lines 44-45 and column 6, lines 13-36) by applying a coat to the paper surface (column 5, lines 1-3) along with lacquers and printed protective layers (column 5, lines 59-65). Kaule teaches the paper comprising paper fibers (column 7,line 67) where the surface is suitable for producing isolated coated areas (column 8,lines 29-31). The reference discloses a paper machine cutting the paper to a desired size (column 9, lines 11-24). The coating of Kaule lacks both polyurethane and a filler substance. In claims 29, 30 and 38, the phrase, 'surface coating for improving durability of the paper layer' is directed to intended use. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See In re Casey, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 136 USPQ 458,

Page 5

Application/Control Number: 09/719,559

Art Unit: 1774

459 (CCPA 1963). Additionally, in instant claim 38, the phrase, 'forming a surface dirt repellant film on the fibers of the paper' is directed to a product by process claim limitation, which is given little patentable weight in product claims. Although Kaule does not explicitly disclose a dirt repellant surface, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the coating of Kaule repels dirt because the coating is provided with lacquers and printed protective layers (column 5, lines 59-65) which helps keep the security paper free from dirt.

7. Claim 20 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Arguments made in regards to rejection made under 35 USC 112, second paragraph have overcome the rejection due to amendment of claim 20.

Rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Detrick et al (U.S. 5,161,829) has been withdrawn due to amendments made by Applicant to claim 18. Rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kaule (U.S. 5,817,205) has been withdrawn due to amendments made by Applicant to claim 29. Arguments made in regards to rejection made under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Detrick et al (U.S. 5,161,829) in view of Martin (U.S. 5,601,683) has

Art Unit: 1774

been considered but is unpersuasive. Applicant argues Detrick fails to disclose or suggest a surface coating for a security paper that is dirt repellant, as recited in amended claim 18. Examiner is not persuaded by this argument because although Detrick does not explicitly disclose a dirt repellant surface, because the adhesive coating is positioned over a layer of paper (110) in Figure 3 and is on the interior of the security paper, the coating keeps dirt from forming on paper (110). Applicant further argues the adhesive layer cannot reasonably be construed to disclose a surface coating that is 'dirt repellant' because an adhesive cannot function as an adhesive and dirt repellant. Examiner respectfully disagrees because the adhesive coating is positioned over a layer of paper (110) in Figure 3 and is on the interior of the security paper, the coating keeps dirt from forming on paper (110). Furthermore, Applicant lacks support for this presumption. Because Detrick has been maintained, Martin is maintained for reasons of record.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1:136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

Art Unit: 1774

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lawrence Ferguson whose telephone number is (703) 305-9978. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM – 4:30PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on (703) 308-0449. Please allow the examiner twenty-four hours to return your call.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2351.

Lawrence D. Ferguson

Examiner Art Unit 1774 CYNTHIA H. KELLY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

CyAM/lel